1. Use of an amphipathic compound comprising a lipophilic group derived from a sterol linked to a cationic group, for the production of a vaccine composition.

2. exe according to Claim 1, characterized in that the lipophilic group is a cholesterol derivative.

- 3. Use according to either of the preceding claims, characterized in that the cationic group is a quaternary ammonium or an amine which can be protonated.
 - 4. Aust according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the lipophilic group is attached to the cationic group via an ester, ether, amide or carbamoyl link.
 - 5. The according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the lipophilic group is separated from the cationic group by a branched or unbranched alkyl chain comprising from 1 to 20 carbon atoms.
- characterized in that the amphipathic compound is selected from the following compounds:
 - cholesteryl-3 β -carboxamidoethylenetrimethyl-ammonium iodide,
 - cholesteryl-3 β -carboxamidoethylenamine,
 - cholesteryl-3 β -oxysuccinamidoethylene-trimethylammonium iodide,

REPLACEMENT SHEET (RULE 26)

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- 3β-[N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethane)carbamoyl]cholestero1, 3β -[N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethane)-7. of carbamoyl]cholesterol for the production of a vaccine composition. according to one of the preceding claims, that the amphipathic compound characterized\ in combined with a neutral lipid. according to Claim 8, characterized in that 10 the proportion of neutral lipid combined is at least 20%. laim 8 or 9 ther of claims 8 and 8, Ausl according to that neutral the iņ characterized (DOPE) dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine ordioleoylphosphatidy choline (DOPC). the preceding claims, Usa, according to one 11. the amphipathic compound characterized in that dispersed in an aqueous\ environment in the form of 20 liposomes. an amphipathic compound comprising a lipophilic group derived from a sterol linked to a cationic group, as an adjuvant in the administration of a vaccine. Use according to Claim 12, characterized in that 25 the said amphipathic compound is 3β -[N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethane) carbamoyl] cholesterol.

Howel 12 or 13

14. Use according to either of Claims 12 and 13, characterized in that the said amphipathic compound is combined with a neutral lipid.

15. Vaccine composition comprising at least one antigen, characterized in that it comprises, in addition, at least one amphipathic compound possessing a lipophilic group derived from a sterol linked to a cationic group.

16. Avaccine composition according to Claim 15, characterized in that the said lipophilic group is a

cholesterol derivative.

17. A vaccine composition according to either of Claims 15 and 18, characterized in that the said amphipathic compound is 3β -[N-(N',N'-dimethyl-

including at least one antigen.

A vaccine

20 19. Vaccine

Claims 15 to 18, characterized in that the said

amphipathic compound is combined with a neutral lipid.

A vaccine

20. Vaccine

composition according to composition according to composition according to composition.

Claims 15 to 19, characterized in that it comprises at

25 least one influenza virus antigen.

A method for inducing an immune response in a mammal, consisting in administering at least one antigen to the mammal, characterized in that it consists in administering, in addition, at least one amphipathic

compound comprising a lipophilic group derived from a sterol linked to a polar group.

22. Method according to Claim 21, characterized in that the said amphipathic compound is administered at

the same time as the antigen.

Claim 21 or 22

23. Method according to either of Claims 21 and 22,

characterized in that the antigen is an influenza virus

haemagglutinin.

24. A product containing at least one antigen and one amphipathic compound comprising a lipophilic group derived from a sterol linked to a cationic group, as a combination product for use simultaneously, separately or staggered over time in vaccination.

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